FUN/4	1.	Define Key Terms	T, P, R, & BP	Lecture notes,	Textbook
	2.	Discuss the purpose	Graphic Record	handout, Film –	Resource:
		and importance of	-	therapeutic	Cooper &
		accurately assessing	Physiology of body	communication, and	Gosnell:
		vital signs.	temperature	internet resources	Foundations of
	3.	Identify and discuss	Fahrenheit (F) scale		Nursing (7th
		the measurements	Celsius (C) scale	Resources/Activities:	Edition)
		that constitute vital	Oral, tympanic,	Handouts, Films:	,
		signs and describe	axillary, rectal	Managing Stress	Chapter 11 - Vital
		the relationship	•	through Humor and	Signs
		between them.	Examples:	Choice, group	
	4.	Explain terms used	Temperature:	discussions and or	
		in the assessment and	Febrile, afebrile,	activities	
		documentation of	crisis, lysis,		
		vital signs.	intermittent/remittent	Evaluation Method:	
	5.	Demonstrate the	fevers	Exam, active	
		ability to measure		participation in class,	
		body temperature	Respirations:	quizzes written	
		with variety of	dyspnea, apnea,	assignments	
		equipment and	labored, tachypnea,		
		various body sites.		ATI: Vital Signs:	
	6.	•	Pulses: Thready,	skills module	
		assessment of pulses.	tachycardia,		
	7.	1	bradycardia,		
		for determining	irregular, bounding		
		respiratory status.			
	8.	Explain and	Glass thermometer		
		demonstrate	Electronic		
		procedure for	thermometer		
		obtaining accurate	Disposables		
		blood pressure.	thermometer		
	9.	Demonstrate the	Tympanic		
		ability to document	thermometer		
		vital signs			
		accurately.	Apical		
			Brachial		

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Radial
Femoral
Popliteal
Posterior tibial
Pedal

FUN/6

Skills Lab Objectives:

1. Demonstrate the techniques to be used for physical assessment.

physical assessment.

5. Practice head to toe assessment as detailed in Foundations of Nursing 7th ed.

Inspection Palpation Auscultation Percussion 2. Identify equipment and supplies used in physical assessment. 3. Demonstrate techniques to prepare a patient for physical assessment. 4. Discuss techniques to maintain patient comfort during a

3. Explain the use of

different types of

							6. Do ab re fin an ea lu va ga ge sy m sy 7. Do ab do co ar fin ap an	2 page 287-310. emonstrate bility to cognize normal ndings of head nd neck, mouth nd throat, eyes, ars, nose, chest, angs, heart, ascular system, astrointestinal, enitourinary estem, and usculoskeletal estem. emonstrate the bility to becument data bilected, normal nd abnormal ndings propriately on n organizational ermat.	
FUN/4	1.	Describe care of (procedure for) a patient	Artificial Airway Types	Lecture notes, handout, Film –	Cooper & Gosnell:	FUN/ 4		Skills Objectives: 1. Identify necess	sary
	2.	with a tracheostomy. Differentiate among	Tracheostomy Indications	therapeutic communication, and internet resources	Foundations of Nursing (6th Edition)			equipment for performing tracheostomy	
	2.	oropharyngeal, nasopharyngeal, and nasotracheal suctioning	Purpose Oxygenation	Resources/Activities	Chapter 22 – Selected Nursing			suctioning. 2. State indicatio	
		nasotracheai suctioning	Daygenation	: II	Selected Nursing			2. State mulcation	115 101

Textbook, Chapter

suctioning.

tracheostomy care and

Handouts, Films:

Managing Stress

Skills, Oxygen

Purposes Delivery System

I TOPCIL	7 of Officer Conces				
	tracheosotomy tubes	through Humor and	Therapy, pp 645-		
	single cannula, cuffed,	Choice, group	658	3.	Demonstrate ability to
	cuffless fenestrated, form	discussions and or			perform respiratory
	cuff, metal tube.	activities	Chapter 22 –		assessment.
			Selected Nursing		
	4. Discuss principles of	Evaluation Method:	Skills,	4.	Demonstrate proper
	safe competent	Exam, active	Tracheostomy		positioning of patient
	tracheostomy care and	participation in	Care and		needing tracheostomy
	suctioning	class, quizzes	Suctioning, pp		care and suctioning.
		written assignments	562 – 566		
	5. Oxygen Therapy:			5.	Demonstrate and
	6. State three major goals		(assignment for		practice proper
	of oxygen therapy.		students online		procedure of
	15		library web		tracheostomy suctioning
	7. Discuss safety factors in		search related to		and care as detailed in
	oxygen therapy.		mechanisms of		Foundations of Nursing
	,g _F ,-		breathing with a		7th ed., Chapter 22 page
	8. Identify sources of		client with a		653-661 skills
	oxygen and functions of		trach)		procedure.
	each.		13331)		procession
				6.	Demonstrate knowledge
	9. Describe oxygen –				and ability to document
	delivery equipment for				pertinent information for
	clients having difficulty				the tracheostomy care
	breathing and				and suctioning
	10. nursing implications for				and suctioning
	each.				
	eacii.				
	11. Describe oxygen –				
	delivery equipment for				
	clients unable to breathe				
	independently				
	1 2				
	12. and nursing implications				
	for each.				

· roport	y of officer oolicge		 	
			MSI/	1. Identify common, overt,
			16	actual and potential
				primary health care
				needs of the clients/
				patients with disorders
				of the: Respiratory,
				Cardiovascular, Blood,
				Lymph, Immune,
				Genitourinary and
				Gastrointestinal
				Systems.
				2. Identify
				pharmacological agents
				and related nursing
				interventions when
				caring for clients /
				patients with disorders
				of the: Respiratory,
				Cardiovascular, Blood,
				Lymph, Immune,
				Genitourinary and
				Gastrointestinal
				Systems.
				3. Compare and contrast
				diagnostic evaluation
				and treatment of the
				clients / patients with
				disorders of the
				Respiratory,
				Cardiovascular, Blood,
				Lymph, Immune,
				4. Genitourinary and
				Gastrointestinal
				Systems.
				5. Utilize the nursing
				process in caring for
				clients / patients with
				disorders of the
				Respiratory,
				Cardiovascular, Blood,

Tobell	ty of officer college	T			,	
						Lymph, Immune, Genitourinary and Gastrointestinal Systems
MS I/ 5	1. List the data to be collected for the nursing assessment of the patient with a respiratory disorder. 2. Describe the nurse's role when the following common therapeutic measures are instituted: administration of topical medications, irrigations, humidification, suctioning, tracheostomy care, and surgery. 3. Explain the pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, complications, and medical or surgical treatment of selected respiratory disorders. 4. Assist in developing nursing care plans for patients with respiratory disorders. 5. Identify data to be collected in the nursing assessment of the patient with a respiratory disorder. 6. Identify the nursing implications of age-related changes in the respiratory	Anatomy and Physiology of the Upper and Lower respiratory Tract Health History Physical Examination (cont.) Age-Related Changes in the Nose, Sinuses, and Throat Diagnostic Tests and Procedures Therapeutic Measures Common Therapeutic Measures Care of the Patient Having Nasal Surgery Inflammatory Conditions Sinusitis Tonsillitis Pharyngitis Laryngitis	Lecture notes, handout, and internet resources Resources/Activities: Handouts, films, group discussions and or activities Evaluation Method: Exams, quizzes, active participation in class, completion of written assignment Library Web search assignments classifications	Linton: Introduction to Medical Surgical Nursing 6th edition Linton: Chapter 30 and 31 Jones & Bartlett Learning: Nurse's drug Handbook 16th Edition ATI Integration Materials: Skills Module: Blood administration		Systems
	system.	Viral rhinitis				

Topent	7. 8.	Describe diagnostic tests or procedures for respiratory disorders and nursing interventions. Explain nursing care of patients receiving therapeutic treatments for respiratory disorders. For selected respiratory disorders, describe the pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, complications, diagnostic measures, and medical treatment.	Bronchitis Influenza Pneumonia Pleurisy (Pleuritis) Trauma Pneumothorax Hemothorax Pneumo-hemo thorax Pyothorax Fractures Flail chest Pulmonary Embolus ARDS (Acute respiratory distress Syndrome) Cancer of the Upper respiratory tract Care of the patient having Upper Respiratory Tract Surgery Routine Preop Nursing					
			Routine Preop Nursing care					
PE/3 (MS I)	2.	Identify important aspects of patient education n for patients receiving drug therapy for lower respiratory disease. Distinguish the mechanisms of action of	Review of: Anatomy and Physiology Common Conditions affecting lower respiratory tract	Lecture notes, handout, and internet resources Resources/Activities:	Linton: Introduction to Medical Surgical Nursing 6 th edition Clayton: Basic Pharmacology for	MSI/ 2		List indications for chest tube placement List supplies needed if assisting with chest tube placement at the bedside

 3. 4. 5. 	expectorants, antitussives, and mucolytic agents. Identify the nursing assessments needed to monitor therapeutic response and the development of adverse effects from expectorant, antitussive, and mucolytic therapy. Describe the nursing assessments needed to monitor therapeutic response and the development of adverse effects from beta-adrenergic bronchodilator therapy. Discuss the nursing assessments needed to monitor therapeutic response and the development of adverse effects from beta-adrenergic bronchodilator therapy.	Nursing assessment and care of the patient with lower respiratory tract disease Drug class and nursing care: Expectorants Antitussives Mucolytic agents Bronchodilators Antiinflammatory agents Immunomodulato rs Potassium iodide Saline solutions	Handouts, films, group discussions and or activities Evaluation Method: Exams, quizzes, active participation in class, completion of written assignment Library Web search assignments—classifications	Nurses, 16th Edition Linton: Chapter 30, 31 and 32 Clayton: Chapter 30 Mosby's Drug Guide ATI Integration Materials			 Identify the different parts of a pleural drainage device Demonstrate ability to correctly set up and maintain pleural drainage device Identify data to be collected in the nursing assessment of the patient with a chest tube Describe possible complications related to chest tube management Explain the nursing care of patients with a chest tube
6.	anticholinergic bronchodilator therapy. Identify what lower respiratory conditions anticholinergic bronchodilators, xanthine derivative, and corticosteroid inhalant therapy are used for.						
					MSI/ 2		1. List the indications for oxygen therapy 2. Describe the different types of oxygen delivery

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		systems and the amount of oxygen delivered for each
		3. Demonstrate the appropriate use and response and the development of adverse effects from anticholinergic bronchodilator therapy.
		4. Identify what lower respiratory conditions anticholinergic bronchodilators, xanthine derivative, and corticosteroid inhalant therapy are used for. placement of oxygen delivery devices
		4. Demonstrate ability to assess patient's response to oxygen delivery
		5. Demonstrate measures needed to safely deliver oxygen
		6. Describe nursing interventions for care of